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NEW GROCERY

NEW STOCK...

I take this method of announcing to my friends that I have just opened a New Grocery at the corner of Eighth and Henderson streets, and to solicit a share of their patronage. I will at all times have a fresh, clean stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,  
Country Produce, Fresh Vegetables, Fruits, Etc., Etc.

Prompt delivery to all parts of the city. Both Phones, 269. Call me up.

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Blue Grass Seed  
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### THE CAMEO.

It Gets Its Name From the Cutting,  
Not From the Stone.

The true nature of a cameo is very much misunderstood by the public generally. Most people think it is the stone itself, when in reality the method of cutting is what produces the cameo. The real meaning of the word is unknown, its derivation having never been discovered; but, correctly speaking, cameos are small sculptures executed in low relief on some substance precious either for its beauty, rarity or hardness.

There are emerald cameos, turquoise cameos, shell cameos, coral cameos. Indeed, any substance that lends itself to carving in such minute detail can be used for cameo cutting, and nearly all precious stones, except diamonds, have been so used for intaglios, but never for cameos. Emerald is the most common precious stone from which cameos have been made, and there are some very fine emerald portrait cameos in existence, notably those of Queen Elizabeth in the British museum. Shell cameos were first made in the fifteenth century.

Banded onyx is generally used for cameo work because of its hardness and coloring, and it is this fact that has caused the misapprehension, the stone being used so much in making cameos that it has now become better known as "cameo" than by its right name—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### ANIMAL TRAITS.

Reminders in the Foal and the Calf of  
Their Wild Ancestors.

It is an interesting study to note in domestic animals the traits of their wild ancestors. There are some characteristics, of course, which are readily recognizable as being similar to those of animals still in a wild state, and for this reason they give a fair idea of the life and surroundings of progenitors. The habits of the dog and cat are too familiar to comment on, but take the foal and compare his traits with those of the calf.

The foal when a few days old can gallop as fast as he ever can in after life. He never leaves the dam and takes nourishment in small quantities, avoiding a full meal, which would impede swift escape. In lying down no attempt is made at concealment, and when he stands his head is held high. These habits show that the animal's ancestors spent their lives in the open and not in the forests and that they were great travelers.

The calf, on the contrary, fills himself with milk and is a poor traveler. When danger approaches his first impulse is to conceal himself. He holds his head low in order to look under the branches of the forest. All his characteristics point to the fact that the ancestral home of cattle was in a moist, wooded country, while the primeval horse roamed the plains.—London Chronicle.

### A Chinese Solomon.

Two Chinamen, brothers, well advanced in age, quarreled over a piece of land which they had jointly inherited from their father and went to law. The native magistrate heard the testimony on both sides and determined that both were wrong and both right, according to the different points of view. Therefore, instead of rendering a judgment in favor of either, he ordered that both be locked up in a cage with their heads fastened face to face and kept there until they settled their quarrel. The cage is a sort of cage in which prisoners are placed with their necks locked into a hole in a board. It resembles somewhat the stocks which were used for the punishment of malefactors in olden times. When the brothers were placed in the cage, they were both very stubborn and indignant, but toward the end of the second day they began to weaken and on the third they reached a satisfactory settlement and were released.

### Costly In Human Lives.

In ancient times the great engineering works were costly in human lives. The making of the Red sea canal is said to have involved the loss of no fewer than 120,000 Egyptians. Buxley's examination made him believe the number to have been somewhat exaggerated, but he gives it as still a guide to the enormous waste of human life in those days. The men who kept 2,000 slaves engaged for three years bringing a single stone from Elephantine to the pyramids did not care a great deal so long as in the twenty years in which one of the pyramids was building there were forthcoming the 360,000 men required for the work.

### Thoughtful.

"Lady with a flashy paste necklace wants to know whether it's pure diamond or not," said the jeweler's shopman.

"Look like married woman?" inquired the jeweler.

"Yes, sir."

"Tell her it is. No use making trouble for poor husbands these hard times."—London Telegraph.

### Hard Luck.

Tired Tatters—I saw de new moon over the left shoulder las' night. I wonder wot dat's a sign us? Weary Walker—It's a sign dat de nex' place youse ask fer work youse'll git it.—Chicago News.

### A Baby.

A baby—that which makes home happier, love stronger, patience greater, hands busier, nights longer, days shorter, the past forgotten, the future brighter.—Rupert's Magazine.

The more a man denies himself the more he will receive from heaven.—Horace.

### BOOK PLATES.

They Came Within Fifty Years After  
the Invention of Printing.

It was within half a century from the invention of printing that book plates were introduced as identifying marks to indicate the ownership of the volume.

Germany, the fatherland of printing from movable type and of wood cutting for making impressions in ink on paper, is likewise the home land of the book plate.

The earliest dated woodcut of accepted authenticity is the well known "St. Christopher of 1423," which was discovered in the Carthusian monastery of Buxheim, in Suabia.

It was to insure the right of ownership in a book that the owner had it marked with the coat of arms of the family or some other heraldic device. Libraries were kept intact and passed from generation to generation, bearing the emblem of the family.

The first book plate in France is dated 1574; in Sweden, 1575; Switzerland, 1607, and Italy, 1623. The earliest English book plate is found in a folio volume once the property of Cardinal Wolsey and afterward belonging to his royal master.

The earliest mention of the book plate in English literature is by Pepys, July 16, 1688. The first known book plate in America belonged to Governor Dudley. Paul Revere, the patriot, was one of the first American engravers of book plates and a designer of great ability.—Journal of American History.

### THE FLYING FOX.

Curious Inhabitant of the Forests in  
Eastern Australia.

The flying fox is a very curious inhabitant of the forest near Moreton bay, in east Australia. It lives in flocks and moves generally toward the dusk of the evening, and the noise produced by the heavy flapping of the so called wings is very singular. The flocks like quiet places, where there are large araucarian pine trees, with an underwood of scrub and creepers. The foxes hang in vast numbers from horizontal branches of the pine trees.

When there is a clear space among the trees an enormous number of the animals may be seen, and their noise can be heard, for directly they see anything unusual they utter a short bark, something like the sound made by young rooks. Often every branch is crowded, and the young foxes are seen either flapping their wings and holding on with their hind feet and with their heads downward or snarling and fighting for places.

Suddenly the whole take to flight and flap their furry, winglike sides and wheel around like heavy birds. Many fly with their young holding on to them.

The creature is not a true fox, and there is a fold of skin which reaches from the fore to the hind legs. This is called the wing, and it enables the pteropus, as the animal is called, to float and turn in the air.

### Obsolete Cures.

It was formerly believed that epilepsy could be cured by wearing a silver ring made from a coffin nail. Seven drops of blood from the tail of a cat and blood from a recently executed criminal were said to be valuable remedies for epilepsy. To cure a felon or run around hold the finger in a cat's ear for half an hour. For toothache trim your finger nails on Friday or eat bread that a mouse has nibbled or carry in your pocket a tooth from a soldier killed in battle. For a runny nose spit on a frog. For alcoholism drown an eel in brandy and make the drunkard drink the brandy. To cure warts rub the wart with a potato and feed the potato to a pig.

### Glued Clothes.

"In Korea," said a tailor, "needle and thread are unknown to tailoring. Their place is taken by glue."

"Glue?"  
"Glue—a peculiarly fine glue made of fish. Making Korean clothes, the tailor does not use two edges of cloth together and then slowly and painfully unite them with fine stitches of the needle. No; he overlaps the edges slightly, brushes on a little glue, presses the seam together and sets the garment away to dry."

"I wore glued clothes in Korea and found that they lasted almost as well as sewed ones."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

### Reading Aloud.

Surely the sum of human happiness might be indefinitely increased if the people learned to take a real delight in the simple, quiet and inexpensive pleasure of reading. Reading aloud in the family circle is an excellent way of bringing the members together. They have thoughts in common and subjects of conversation. How much better and how much happier is this way of spending an evening than the idle, driving games which so frequently take its place!—Reader Magazine.

### Where He Played.

"My husband," said the conceited lady, "is a Shakespearean actor."

"Indeed! Does he play in 'Hamlet'?" asked her friend.

"No," said the actor's wife; "he only plays in the larger cities."—London Tatler.

### Pride and Pried.

"Bluffers gets his new car out several times a day. Matter of pride, I suppose."

"Yep. Pried it out of a mudhole three times last Monday."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An old man hath the almanac in his body.—Italian Proverb.

### COMMON SENSE

Leads most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle wrapper and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody. Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formula, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized. Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs. Examine the formula on their bottle wrapper—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet does cure all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" in time and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a thorough and fair trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials. They are not given away to be experimented with but are sold by all dealers in medicines at reasonable prices.

### William's Kidney Pills.

Have you neglected your kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire to pass urine? If so, William's Kidney Pills will cure you. Sample free. By mail 50 cents. Sold by Oberdorfer.

WILLIAMS' MEDICAL CO., Props.,  
Cleveland, O.

### AN INSECT PLAGUE.

The Mosquitoes That Infest the Region  
of Lake Nyassa.

In his book "From the Cape to Cairo" E. S. Grogan writes: "The Kungu fly, which is peculiar to Lake Nyassa, resembles small May flies, and at certain seasons of the year they rise from the water in such stupendous clouds that they blot out the whole horizon. Seen in the distance they have exactly the appearance of a rain-storm coming across the lake. When they are blown landward they make every place uninhabitable by the stench which arises from the countless millions that lodge and die on every inch of sheltered ground. I myself have seen them lying a foot deep in a room, and I was told that they are often much worse. The natives sweep them up and make cakes of them. "Biting and poisonous ants are another pest, but the mosquito is the great enemy of man. It was absolutely necessary to turn in half an hour before sunset and to make all the preparations for the night. I piled all my belongings round the edge of my net and kept a green wood fire burning at each end, and then I lay inside, smoked the native tobacco and prayed for morning. As soon as the sun went down the mosquitoes started operations."

"It was like having a tame whirlwind in one's tent. They could not possibly have been worse. Every night 200 or 300 contrived to enter my net—I have no idea how. The most pernicious and poisonous kind was a very small black mosquito that might possibly have penetrated the mesh. I used to turn out in the morning perfectly dazed from the amount of poison that had been injected during the night."

### CUNNING OF MUSKRATS.

Foresight With Which These Animals  
Build Winter Homes.

In the month of March, before the rivers have opened, on the snow around the heads of the creeks and about the airholes in the thick ice may be seen the curious trail of the muskrat. It can readily be recognized by the firmly planted footmarks, heavily and slowly impressed, and the sharp after drag of the long, scaly, blade-like tail. All through the cold winter months these heavily furred animals have lived warm and comfortable in their well constructed houses, rearing their third and last litter. One house erected about September seemed planned with almost human foresight. Here, with their long sharp teeth and strong, inch long claws, they had cut and cleared wide paths through all the marshes—paths so deep that three feet of ice did not close them, so wide that we have often paddled along them, marveling at the great floating masses of torn up aquatic vegetation. These paths were a hundred yards long and four feet wide and were cut through a mass of tangled cover high enough in most places to thoroughly conceal a duck hunter and his canoe. In the winter months the muskrats can easily dive from their houses into these under ice channels, and the whole marsh is before them to choose their meal from. The long yellow roots of the flag and the juicy tubers of the wild onion (the muskrat apple is the more poetic Ojibway) hang exposed before them or are readily torn out.—Bonnycastle Dale in Outing Magazine.

### Free Reclining Chair Cars.

The Southern Railway has inaugurated free reclining chair car service between Louisville and Evansville on their fast through trains leaving Louisville at 7:30 a. m. and 5 p. m. daily, and running solid to Evansville, without change. This line also operates free reclining chair cars on night Lexington and Danville to St. Louis, also Pullman Sleeper through from Danville to St. Louis. The Southern Railway is 23 miles the shortest from Louisville to Nashville and forty-three miles the shortest to St. Louis. It

### Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure blind, bleeding, ulcerated and itching piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by all druggists, by mail for 50c and \$1.00.

### Williams' Kidney Pills.

Have you neglected your kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groin and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire to pass urine? If so, Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you. Sample free. By mail 50 cents. Sold by Oberdorfer.

WILLIAMS' MEDICAL CO., Props.,  
Cleveland, O.

### The Bluegrass Traction Company Seedule December 1906.

Cars leave Lexington for Georgetown 6 a. m. and every hour until 8 p. m. 9:30 and 11 p. m.

Cars leave Lexington for Versailles 6 a. m. and every hour until 8 p. m. 9:30 and 11 p. m.

Cars leave Lexington for Paris 6 a. m. and every hour until 7 p. m., 9 and 11 p. m.

Cars leave Georgetown for Lexington 6 a. m. and every hour until 7 p. m. 8:45 and 10:15 p. m.

Cars leave Versailles for Lexington 6 a. m. and every hour until 7 p. m. 8:45 and 10:15 p. m.

Cars leave Paris for Lexington 6 a. m. and every hour until 8 p. m. and 10 p. m.

### William's Carbolic Salve With Arnica and Witch Hazel.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c by Druggists.

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